

Bluefin Grille

On Lake Superior

Children's Menu



Breakfast Menu- Served 8AM to 11:30AM \$5

- ✈ One egg and toast, bacon or sausage
- ✈ One buttermilk pancake, one egg, bacon or sausage
- ✈ One buttermilk pancake, bacon or sausage
- ✈ French toast (one slice), bacon or sausage
- ✈ One blueberry pancake, bacon or sausage
- ✈ One M&M pancake, bacon or sausage

Additional serving of children's bacon or sausage \$1

Lunch and Dinner Menu- Served Noon to Close

- ✈ Side Salad or Vegetable \$3
- ✈ Peanut Butter & Grape Jelly \$5
with fries, wild rice or fresh veggies.
- ✈ Hot dog and fries. \$5
- ✈ Mac-n-Cheese \$5
- ✈ Grilled Cheese with fries, wild rice or veggies. \$5
- ✈ Spaghetti with garlic toast \$5
- ✈ Hamburger with fries, wild rice or veggies. \$6
- ✈ Cheese Quesadilla with fries, \$6
wild rice or veggies.
- ✈ Chicken Tenders with fries, wild rice or veggies. \$7
- ✈ Broiled Chicken Breast topped with melted \$7
cheddar, and your choice of fries,
wild rice or veggies.

Children's Beverage \$2

Single scoop of any of our ice creams. \$2

Oreo Ice Cream Sundae \$3

LAKE SUPERIOR FACTS

Size:	31, 700 square miles	82, 100 square kilometers
Deepest Spot:	1, 332 feet	406 meters
Shoreline Length:	1, 826 square miles	2, 938 kilometers
Watershed Area:	49, 300 square miles	127, 700 kilometers
Volume:	3,000,000,000,000,000 gallons	11,400,000,000,000,000 liters
Average Outflow of Water:	75,000 cubic feet per second	2,124 cubic meters per second
Elevation:	600 feet above sea level	183 meters
Average Water Temperature:	40 F	4 C
Average underwater visibility:	27 feet	8 meters
Average number of vessels that visit the Duluth /Superior Port:	1,000	
Number of Fish Species:	78	
Water Retention/Replacement Time:	191 Years	
Basin Population:	425,548 U.S Citizens	181, 573 Canadians
Number of tourists in 1997:	3.5 Million	

Lake Superior

Lake Superior is the world's largest freshwater lake in the world (by surface area)!

It is 563 km/350 miles wide 257, km/160 miles long, and 400 m/1300 feet deep!

DID YOU KNOW....Lake Superior holds enough water to flood North and South America to a depth of one foot.

A 1000 foot freighter standing on end in the lake's deepest spot 40 miles off shore of Munising, Michigan would still be 333 feet underwater.

This massive body of water is rimmed by 2,726 miles (4,385 km) of extremely, rugged variable shoreline.

The shoreline would connect Duluth, Minnesota with Miami, Florida if straightened out.

Lake Superior is the greatest Great Lake-- the largest freshwater lake in the world by surface area, and the third largest by volume. Only Lake Baikal in Siberia and Lake Tanganyika in east Africa contain a greater volume of fresh water.

Lake Superior is the deepest of the Great Lakes. The deepest spot, 1,332 feet, is 40 miles off Munising, Michigan. One of the world's tallest buildings, Chicago's Sears Tower, could fit in that hole with only a few floors sticking above the water.

Lake Superior contains ten percent of the World's fresh surface water and over half of the water in the Great Lakes.

FACTS & HISTORY....Lake Superior was conceived 1.1 to 1.2 billion years ago during the Mid-continent Rift.

For over 2 million years, thick flows of lava (flood basalts) repeatedly inundated the surface.

During extended periods between these flows, the crust downwarped, creating a basin that accumulated sediments until the cycle began again with the next flood of molten lava.

LAKE SUPERIOR WEATHER...Lake Superior moderates the climate, making winters warmer and summers cooler. The effect is strongest when the wind blows off the water, and is most pronounced on the shore and on slopes that face the lake.

Between late spring and late fall, the shore can be shrouded in fog when inland areas bask in sunshine. These warm-season fogs occur when moisture in the warm air condenses as it flows over the cold lake. Duluth gets an average of 52 days of heavy fog each year. These foggy days, punctuated with the sounds of gulls and fog horns, have a powerful appeal.

Fall is the season for "northeasters." These gales, with strong winds and rain, occur when low pressure systems pass over the lake. Most of Lake Superior's 350 shipwrecks occurred during such storms.

In winter, temperatures near the lake rarely dip below -30F (-35C). Inland temperatures, on the other hand, can reach -45F (-43C)

During most winters, Lake Superior becomes 40 to 95 percent covered by ice. It occasionally freezes over completely. Open water often persists in the center of the lake because the ice that forms there is blown or broken by strong winds.

WATER QUALITY...Lake Superior is the cleanest, clearest, and coldest of the Great Lakes. Low concentrations of nutrients, suspended sediments, and organic material create an underwater visibility averaging 27 feet.

Acid precipitation falls on Lake Superior as rain and snow but the lake is so large that it has not been noticeably affected.

Toxic pollution in Lake Superior is low compared to the other Great Lakes. Nevertheless, toxins such as mercury, dioxin, and PCBs pose a threat because they do not break down. Most of these toxic substances come from the atmosphere, entering the lake through precipitation or dust.